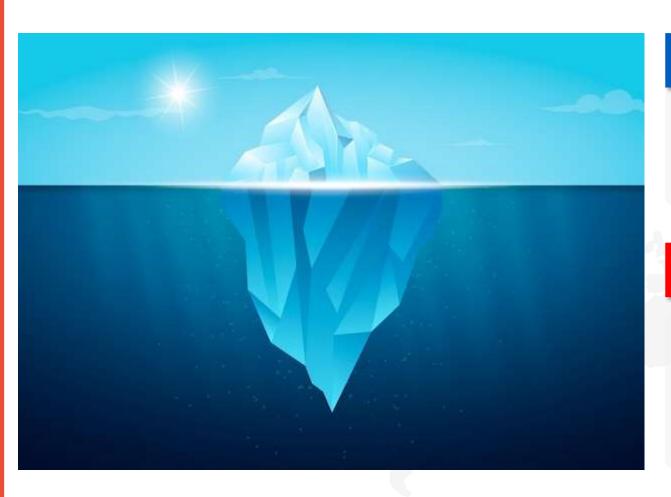


#### ■ The Cultural Iceberg



### Easy to See

Language, Food, Clothing, Literature, Greetings, Holidays and festivals, Folklore etc

### Not Easy to See

Beliefs, Manners, Family roles, Serf-concept, Work ethic, Core values, Interpretations, Humor, Gender roles, Body languages, Gestures, Beauty ideals, Aesthetics, Attitude to education, Thought patterns etc





### **Characteristics of the Tobacco Industry**

- Capital intensive equipment industry
- Monopoly and Oligopoly Market Structure

- Strong brand power and economies of scale are important
- Requires high technology and marketing, distribution, and sales capabilities

## Raw material procurement

- Requires a large amount of raw material purchase and aging process
- Requires expertise in securing raw materials

#### R&D

- Technology becomes important due to consumer needs and strengthened regulations
- Organic collaboration with marketing is required

#### **Production**

- Requires large-scale facilities
- Requires high-level quality control capabilities

#### Marketing

- Marketing investment and brand management are important
- Brand growth takes a long time

#### Sales

- Requires strong distribution network and sales force
- Entails high costs

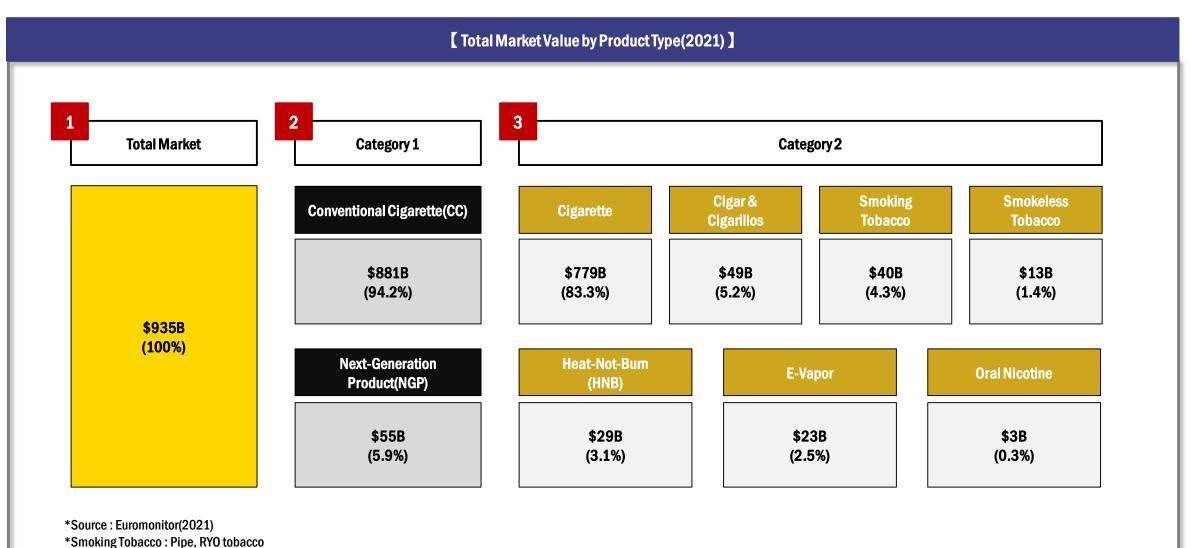
#### Service

- Responding to customer claims is very important
- Collaboration in each field is important

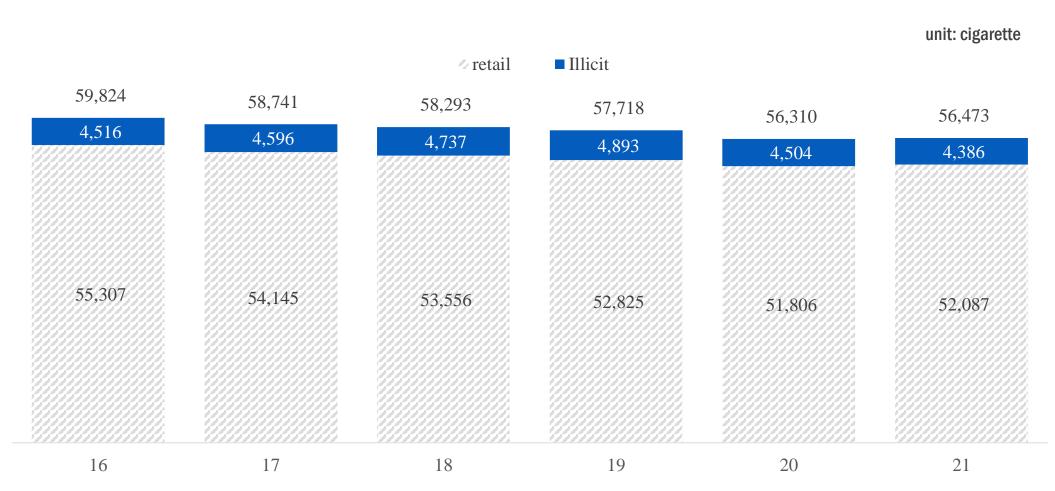


\*Smokeless Tobacco: Snuff, Chewing Tobacco

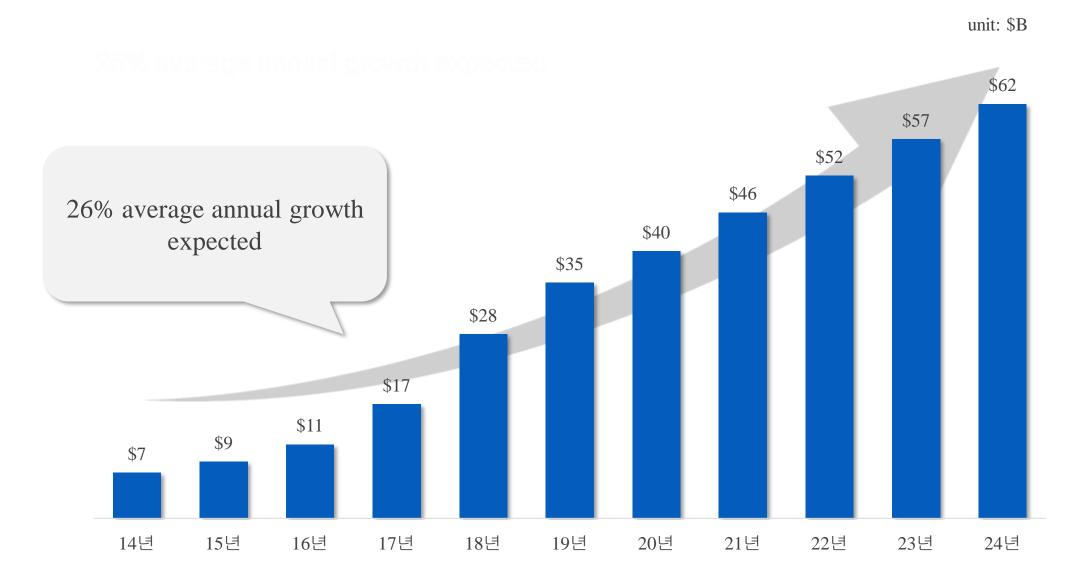
#### Global Smoking Population 1.3B(17%) / Annual Global Market Value \$965B(USD)



# The total market size is about 5.6 trillion cigarettes (declining trend after e-cigarettes)











## **Top 4 Tobacco Companies**



**Philip Morris International** 









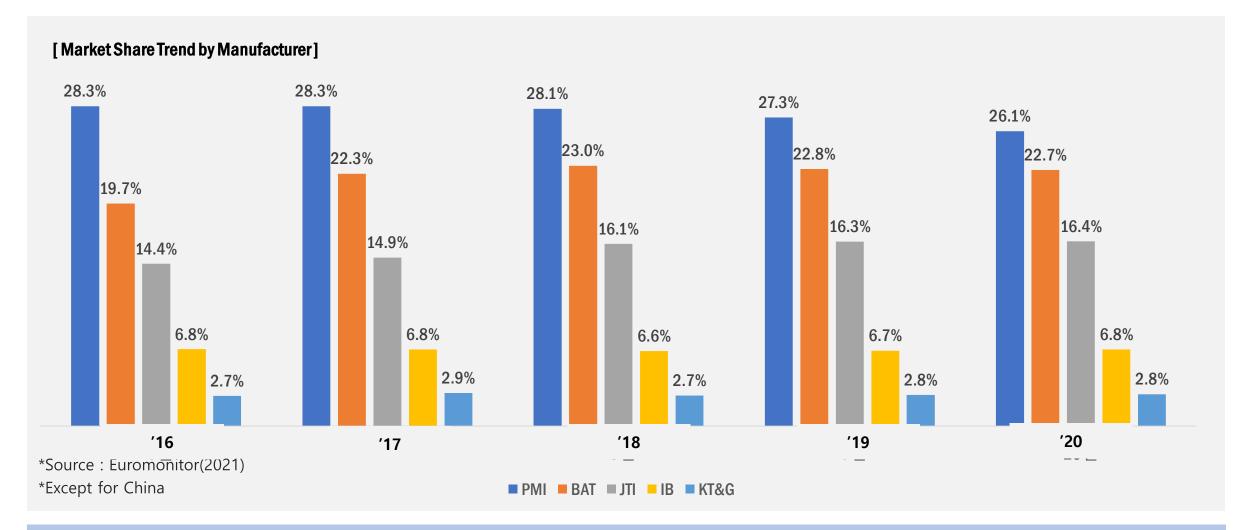
Imperial Brands







## Market Trend - Market Share Trend by Manufacturer



KT&G has about 3% of total market in Global cigarette market



## History of KT&G – At a glance

1883 SunHwaGuk a tobacco company Established in late Joseon Korea KT&G



SamJeongGwa

Installed at Deahan empire

2022

1952

JeonMaeCheong

(The Monopoly Bureau)



**Korea Monopoly Office** 



1987

1899

2012



**KT&G Corporation** 

1989



Korea Tobacco and **Ginseng Corporation** 



한국전매공사



2002



### **History of KT&G**

Step 01

#### Start of Korean Tobacco History



- 1883 Tobacco company Sunhwaguk established in late Joseon
- 1899 Gungnaebu Naejangwon Samjeonggwa installed at Daehan Empire (36<sup>th</sup> reign of King Gojong)
- 1952 Reorganized to Monopoly Bureau

#### Step 02

#### Innovation and Leap



- 1987 Korea Monopoly Office founded
- 1988 Tobacco market open
- 1989 KT&G founded
- 1997 Incorporated
- 1998 Red ginseng business separated
- 2002 Whole sale of share under privatization

#### Step 03

#### **Superlative Global Company**





- 2002 Rename (KT&G)
- 2004 Taeah Industry acquired
- 2006 Export \$300 million award
- 2008 Iran/Russia local corporation founded
- 2011 Somang Cosmetics and 3 companies acquired
- 2013 Capsule for low ignition tobacco filter developed
- 2015 SangSang Stay started
- 2016 Seoul Namedaemun Hotel open
- 2020 Sangsang Stay, Sangsang Madang Busan open
- 2022 Iil AIBLE launched
- 2023 KT&G-PMI Global Collaboration Contract









## **2** Identity of KT&G

- The only company that continues the legitimacy of the tobacco / red ginseng business, the Korean representative company with the symbolism as a successful case of privatization
- Company with unlimited potential based on high profitability, financial stability and transparent corporate culture

# Representative company of Kore with long history

- More than 100 years of tobacco / red ginseng business
- Maintain domestic brand recognition
- Public Goods with DNA of Korea
- Exports to more than 40 countries

### Company with the highest reliability and transparency

- Over 30% of operating profit margin
- Maintain good cash flow
- Corporate culture that emphasizes
- ethics and transparency

# Representative company with successful privatization

- Owned and distributed privatized Company with POSCO and KT
- The most successful cases of monopoly abolition and privatization
- Improved productivity and profitability after privatization
- Excellence at home and abroad with exemplary management

# Company with high potential such as globalization and diversification

- Investment capability based on abundant liquidity and financial stability
- Tobacco and red ginseng export and establishment of local base
- Steady investment in health related fields such as biopharmaceuticals
- Promotion of real estate development / leasing and financial investment



## Morld Class No.1 Superslim Cigarette Brand 'ESSE'

#### **Brand overview**

- ✓ 1st tobacco brand power in Korea
- ✓ 1st tobacco market brand power in Korea
- ✓ (K-BPI for 10 consecutive years, 1st in NBCI for 8 consecutive years): Domestic tobacco mark`et 27%, domestic super slim tobacco market 80%
- ✓ 'World Class No.1' super slim tobacco brand
- ☑ Exports to more than 50 countries including France and Italy
- ☑ Top in the world for Super slim Tobacco Category (1 out of 3 super slim tobacco selection)
- ☑ ESSE (ESSE) on November 1, 1996
- ☑: A Niche brand that aims at professionals in their 20s and 30s → Nicely designed for smokers in their 40s who weigh decent taste and emotion

#### Representative product

✓ ESSE PRIME, ESSE SOO, ESSE CHANGE 1mg, ESSE CHANGE LIN and ESSE SPECIAL GOLD



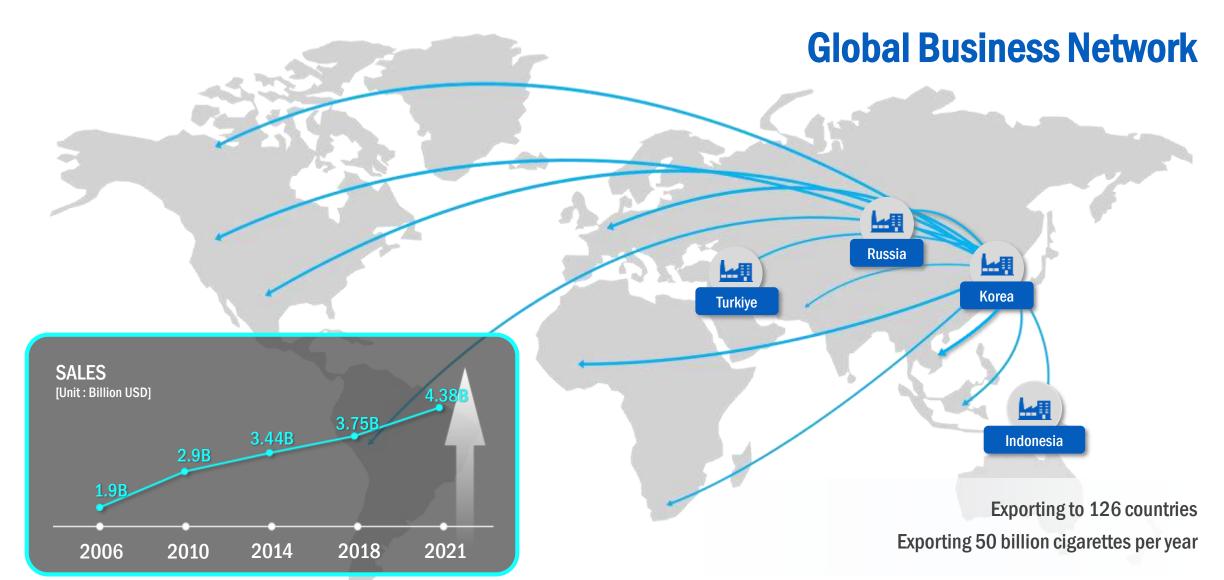




\* Warning picture omitted as it is AD to show brand image



## **KT&G** global tobacco business overview







KT&G operates total 8 overseas corporation and branches

Global brands such as ESSE and PINE are produced through ESSE and PINE Factories (Indonesia, Russia and Turkey).



KT&G Factory

- KT&G TSPM (Indonesia)
- KT&G Russia
- KT&G Turkiye

KT&G Sales Office

- KT&G Indonesia
- KT&G Russia
- KT&G Turkiye
- KT&G Kazakhstan

- KT&G Taiwan
- KT&G China
- KT&G Mongolia
- KT&G Uzbekistan



To satisfy various needs of customers

Differentiated and competitive Brand Portfolio operation

Based on its superior quality and competitive brand name

No. 1 in National Customer Satisfaction Index (NCSI) for the 6th consecutive year ('12~'17)

